Name:

- Please refer to the syllabus regarding allowed collaboration on this homework assignment.
- All answers should be fully justified.
- Your homework should be neatly written on additional paper; you may attach this cover page if you would like to keep the questions attached to the answers.

Due April 25

(1) A university has only three majors in the sciences: there are 124 computer science students, 83 math students, and 160 physics students. Many students dual-major, and these are counted in both of the relevant categories above; there are 30 CS/math students, 10 math/physics students, and 22 physics/CS students. Four students are triple-majoring (CS/math/physics).

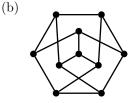
How many students are *not* math majors?

- (2) For each part, either find a simple graph with the properties or prove that none exists. (Experiment. You may find useful the Total Degree Formula, Theorem 13.6.2, and/or Theorem 14.3.3.)
 - (a) has vertex degrees 6,3,2,1,1,1
 - (b) has vertex degrees 5,3,2,1,1,1
 - (c) has vertex degrees 4,3,2,1,1,1
 - (d) is planar, has 7 vertices and 14 edges
 - (e) is planar, has 7 vertices and 21 edges

Due April 27

- (f) is a tree, has 10 vertices and 11 edges
- (g) is a tree, has a vertex of degree 7 and exactly 10 leaves
- (3) Let G be a graph with n vertices and m edges. If G is planar, then $m \le 3n 6$. Prove that the converse is false, by constructing a graph with n vertices and at most 3n 6 edges that is not planar. (See Exercise 13.6.5)
- (4) Here are two (moderately famous) graphs. What are their chromatic numbers? Prove your answers. (You may find Exercise 13.7.2(c) useful.)

(a) a



- (5) Prefix trees
 - (a) Why do prefix trees only have code letters at leaves? As a specific example, why does the first tree below not give a prefix code?
 - (b) Why, in a prefix tree, does every non-leaf have two children (never just one)? As a specific example, why does the second tree give rise to a poor prefix code? (The resulting code works, it's just not as efficient as it could be.)
 - (c) Decode 11010001000101 using the third tree below.

